# 

Maximum

24 in. (610)

# **Application**

The VCDR-53 series is a round control damper intended for application in low to medium pressure and velocity systems. This model has blade seals.

## **Damper Ratings**

#### Pressure

Up to 4 in. wg (1 kPa) pressure differential

Velocity

Up to 3000 fpm (15.2 m/s)

#### Leakage

4 cfm/ft<sup>2</sup> @ 1 in. wg (73 cmh/m<sup>2</sup> @ .25 kPa)

#### Temperature

Up to 250°F (121°C)



Diameter dimension furnished approximately 1/8 in. (3mm) undersize.

Minimum

4 in. (102)

 Actuators: Electric actuator and manual quadrant available. Factory supplied actuators are sized for 1500 fpm (7m/s) and fully closed differential pressure of 2 in. wg (.5 kPa). contact factory for actuator sizing on applications exceeding those

**Options and Accessories** 

Size Limitations

• NEMA Enclosure (3, 4, 4x)

• OCI (open closed indicator)

in. (mm)

limits.

Clean wrap

Transformer

### Construction

	Standard	Optional		
Frame Material	Galvanized Steel	304SS		
Frame Thickness	20 ga. (1mm)	16 ga. (1.5mm)		
Blade Material	Galvanized Steel	304SS		
Blade Seal	Silicone	-		
Axle Bearings	Bronze	316SS		
Axle Material	Plated Steel	316SS		

#### Frame Length

Diameter <= 14 in. (356mm), frame length is 81% in. (206mm). Diameter >14 in. (356mm), frame length is 115% in. (296mm)

## **Document Links**



**INSTALLATION** 





DAMPER SELECTION GUIDE



SPECIFICATIONS



**CATALOG** 



## **Pressure Drop**

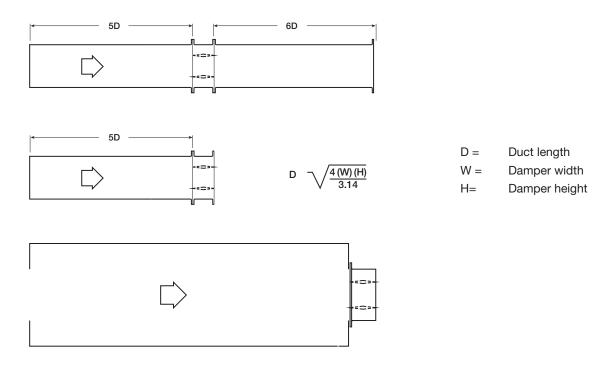
Pressure drop testing was conducted in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D using the three configurations shown. All data has been corrected to represent standard air at a density of  $0.075 \text{ lb/ft}^3$  (1.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

Actual pressure drop found in an HVAC system is a combination of many factors. This pressure drop information, along with an analysis of other system influences should be used to estimate actual pressure losses for a damper installed in an HVAC system.

Figure 5.3 Illustrates a fully ducted damper. This configuration has the lowest pressure drop of the three test configurations because entrance and exit losses are minimized by straight duct runs upstream and downstream of the damper.

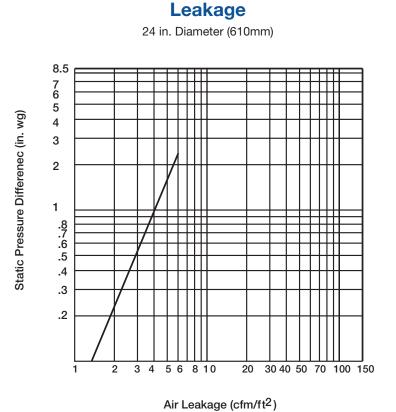
**Figure 5.2** Illustrates a ducted damper exhausting air into an open area. This configuration has a lower pressure drop than Figure 5.5 because entrance losses are minimized by a straight duct run upstream of the damper.

Figure 5.5 Illustrates a plenum mounted damper. This configuration has the highest pressure drop because of high entrance and exit losses due to the sudden changes of area in the system.



Dimension inches	12			24			
AMCA figure	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.3	5.5	
Velocity (ft/min)	Pressure Drop in. wg						
500	.01	.01	.02	.01	.01	.02	
1000	.06	.02	.10	.04	.01	.09	
1500	.13	.05	.22	.08	.03	.20	
2000	.23	.08	.38	.15	.06	.36	
2500	.37	.13	.60	.23	.09	.56	
3000	.53	.19	.86	.33	.13	.81	

Leakage testing was conducted in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D and is expressed as cfm/ft<sup>2</sup> of damper face area. All data has been corrected to represent standard air at a density of 0.075 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> (1.201 kg/m<sup>3</sup>).



Note: Temperatures in excess of 250°F (121°C), consult factory.



Copyright © 2023 Greenheck Fan Corporation VCDR-53, R26, August 2023 Greenheck Fan Corporation reserves the right to make product changes without notice.