Electric Duct Heaters





Introduction

- What we will cover today
 - Greenheck's competitive advantages
 - Greenheck's value adders
 - Controls/physical features
 - Performance
 - Temp rise/min. velocity/pressure drop
 - Installation
 - Selection
 - Competitors
 - Summary



Greenheck's Duct Heater Advantages

- Quick lead times
 - Standard = 3 weeks
 - 3, 5, 10 day quick build programs
 - Next day (case by case)
- 99% on time shipping
- Competitive pricing
- Easy & fast selection process
 - CAPS



Duct Heater Models

ID	Н	В
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<u>IDHC</u>

Voltages: 120/1 – 480/3

120/1 – 575/3

Capacity: **0.5 – 39.9kW**

0.5 - 500kW

Dimensions: 8"x 8" - 36"x 36"

8"x 8" - 120"x 144"

Controls options: Up to 3 stages

Up to 4 stages

Pure SCR control

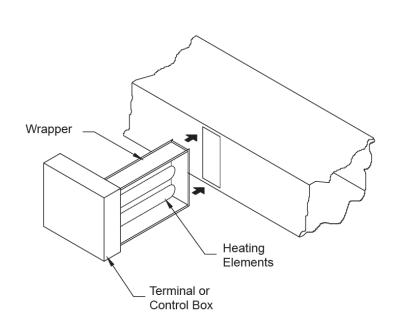
 Vernier SCR (large kW)

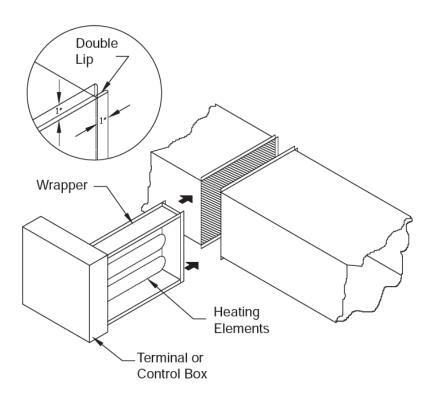
Duct thermostat



Mounting Style

- Slip in
- Flanged





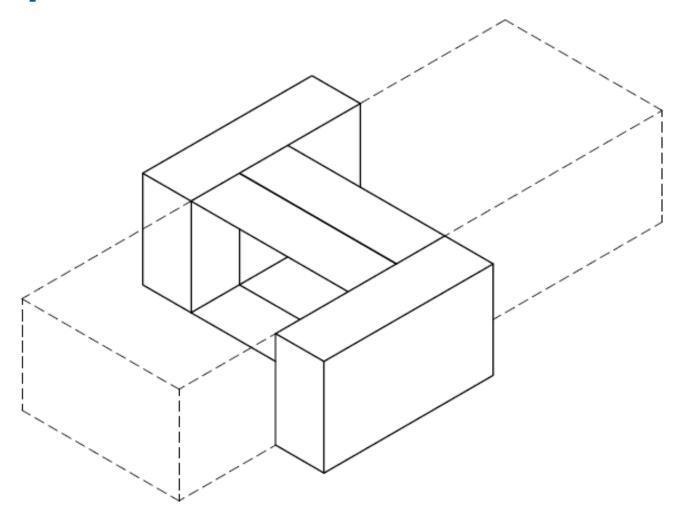


Selecting a Heater

- What you need to know when selecting a heater
 - Dimensions
 - Airflow direction
 - Voltage & phase of the power source
 - Note: heaters selected for one power type will not work with a different power type and cannot be modified in the field.
 - Kilowatt capacity
 - Mounting style
 - Accessories

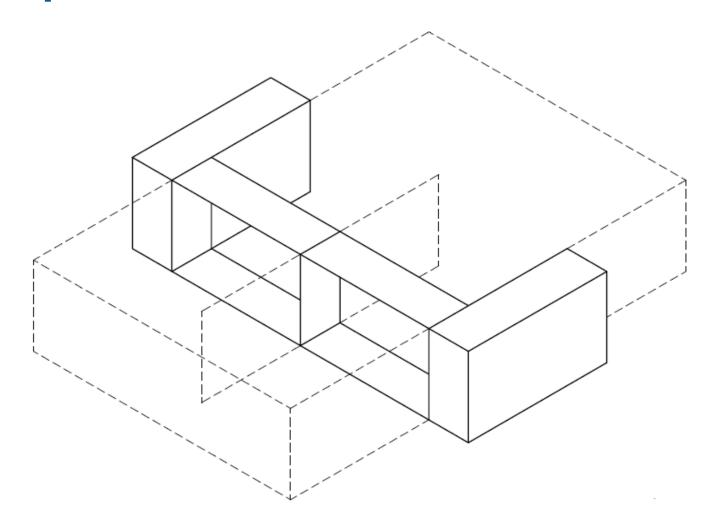


Improper Installation With Two Heaters



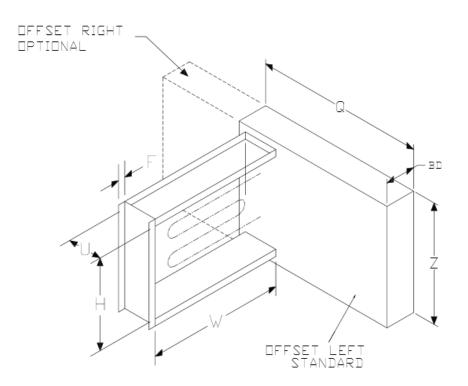


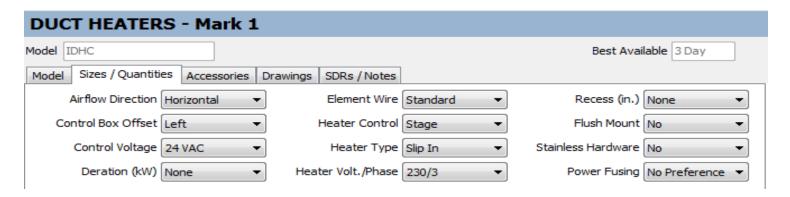
Proper Installation With Two Heaters





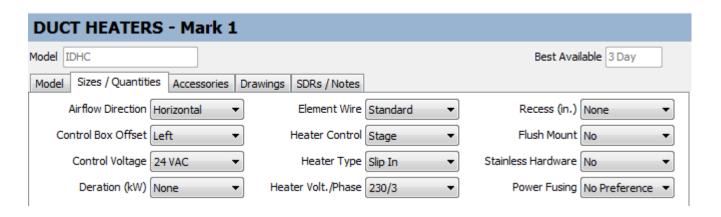
- Airflow direction
 - Horizontal
 - Vertical up
 - Vertical Down -Future
- Control box offset
 - Left
 - Right





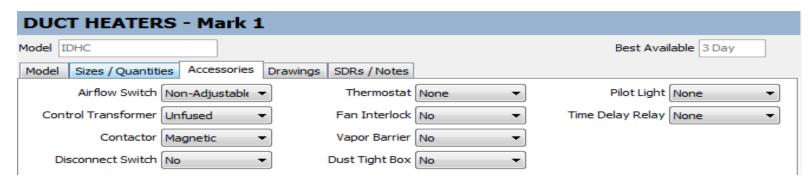
- Control voltage 24 VAC or 120 VAC.
- Deration derated coils aid in longer element life
- Element wire standard or 80/20
- Heater control Stage, SCR or Vernier SCR
- Heater type slip in or flanged
- Heater volt/phase main power source





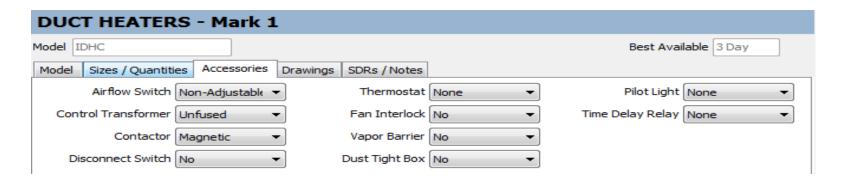
- Recess insulated duct application
- Flush mount
- Stainless Hardware
- Power fusing
 - Less than 48 amps
 - Over 48 amps





- Airflow Switch
- Control Transformer
- Contactor
- Disconnect Switch
 - required
- Thermostat
 - Room stat or duct stat



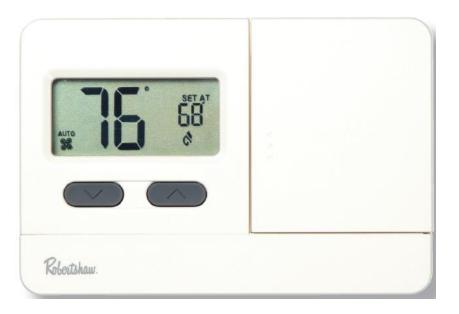


- Fan Interlock Like an end switch on a damper ensure airflow before the heater is turned on
- Vapor Barrier Keeps condensation away from controls
- Dust Tight Box Silicone caulk applied to all joints
- Pilot Light Indicates heater conditions example, heater is energized
- Time Delay Relay Provide time delay of 30 to 60 seconds



Heater Control

- Stage Control
 - Up to 4 stages



Heater Control

- SCR Control linear proportional capacity control
- Vernier SCR provides Vernier heat control
 - Required on units with an amperage greater than 135 amps



All heaters have a built in automatic sensor that trips at 140 degrees and resets at 110 degrees, the back up manual sensor trips at 160 degrees



Controls

- Most used accessories are the airflow switch, disconnect switch and control transformer
- Thermostat Room stat or Duct stat
 - Thermostats ship loose
 - Duct stats are only available with SCR control
 - Typically used in dehumidification reheat and outdoor air applications
 - Should be mounted at least 4 feet downstream of heater
 - Room stats are available with every control type



Controls

Airflow switch

- Ensures a pressure
 difference between the
 interior and exterior of the
 duct prior to allowing the
 heater to operate
- Adjustable 0.05"- 12.0"WC set point range
- Non-adjustable 0.05" WC fixed set point



Controls

- Control Transformer
 - Fused transformer is protected from damage in the event of an electrical short
 - Unfused could be damaged/destroyed from an electrical short
- Disconnect switch
 - Door interlocking type

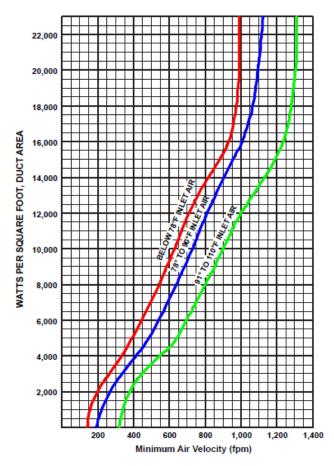




Minimum Airflow

- All heaters require a minimum airflow velocity to ensure longevity of heating elements
- Equivalent face velocity is primary concern
- Minimum airflow requirements are dependent on the dimensions and capacity of the heater
- Watt Density = Watts per square foot
 - Total watts divided by the square footage of the heater.

Minimum Air Velocities





Temperature Rise

- Temperature rise = Delta T = ΔT
- LAT (leaving air temperature) minus EAT (entering air temperature) = TEMP
 RISE

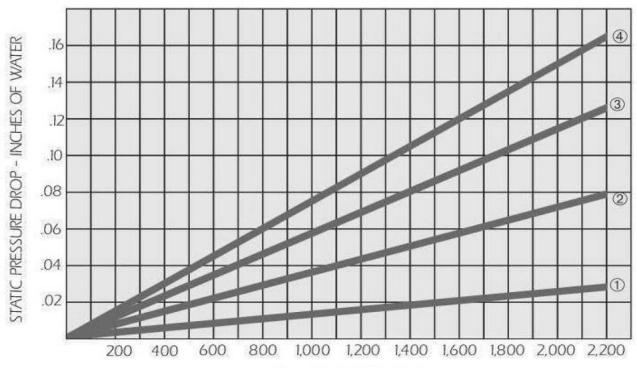
$$kW = \frac{CFM \times 1.08 \times \Delta T}{3414}$$

 Example: determine KW needed to raise the temperature of 2500CFM by 18F

$$KW = \frac{CFM \times 1.08 \times \Delta T}{3414} = \frac{2500 \times 1.08 \times 18}{3414} = 14.25 \text{kW}$$

Pressure Drop

PRESSURE DROP THROUGH HEATER



AIR VELOCITY - F.P.M.

1, 2, 3 and 4 - the number of rows of heater coils When the number of rows of heater coils is unknown, assume 4



Greenheck Value Adders

- All duct heaters are listed to UL standard 1996
- All duct heaters will be supplied with their own wiring diagram which will be located in the control box
- 18 ga control cabinet with piano hinged swing-out cover
- Bi-directional airflow
- The standard casing material is G90 galvanized
- All heaters carry a zero clearance rating. If you have a heater in a
 duct in an attic or under a floor the wood framing can be right
 against the ductwork where the heater is located with no danger of
 catching fire
- In general, the maximum temperature rise you will see with Greenheck duct heaters will be 70 degrees. The absolute maximum will be 120 degrees, which is rare.



Competitors

- Greenheck duct heaters are comparable to the duct heaters supplied by the following manufacturers:
 - Indeeco
 - Brasch
 - Dell Heatrix
 - Markel
 - Neptronics
 - Thermolec
 - Warren



Common Questions

- Q: Can the heater be operated at a voltage other than what is shown on the nameplate label?
 - A: No, the heater is designed to operate at the listed voltage.
- Q: Can the heaters be modified in the field?
 - A: In general no. Heaters should not be modified in the field as this can violate the UL label and cause an unsafe condition.
- Q: Customer is having trouble getting the heater to turn on in the field, what could be the most likely problem?
 - A: Usually the problem is the heater isn't seeing airflow or not seeing enough airflow. They
 should check how much airflow is going through the heater and relate that with the minimum
 requirements found on the submittal.
- Q: Are there any options for round duct heaters or round transitions on duct heaters?
 - A: There are no round duct heaters or heaters with round transitions available and we don't recommending adding transitions in the field as this could create hot spots.



Summary

- Full standard product offering
- Heaters are bi-directional with airflow in either direction when mounted vertically with horizontal airflow
- Install heaters a minimum of (4) feet from heat pumps, air conditioners, air handlers, air filters and humidifiers
- The IDHC and IDHB are the only models
- Heaters are used for space heating, secondary heating, reheat or primary heating applications
- Like dampers, heaters require little to no maintenance.
- Never operate a heater without airflow



Thank you for your time.

Questions?





The mission of Greenheck is to be the market leader in the development, manufacture and worldwide sales of quality air moving, control and conditioning equipment with a total commitment to customer service.



